



# Vulnerabilities published at the rate IoT devices are introduced:

http://www.pcworld.com/article/2472772/your-living-room-is-vulnerable-to-cyber-attacks.html



DHS: Industrial control systems subject to 200 attacks in 2012

Exclusive: FBI warns of 'destructive' malware in wake of Sony attack

# Why A Security Framework?

How do I build a
Secure Industrial
System?







# Cyber Physical Security Framework: Core Functions<sup>1</sup>

Identify	Protect	Detect	Respond	Recover
Risk Assessment	Access Control	Anomalies & Events	Response Planning	Recovery Planning
Risk Management Strategy	Data Security	Security Continuous Monitoring	Analysis	Communications
Asset Management	Information Protection	Detection Process	Mitigation	Improvements
	Awareness & Training		Improvements	
	Protective Technologies			

1 http://www.nist.gov/cyberframework/upload/cybersecurity-framework-021214-final.pdf



# How do the Core Functions Map to an Industrial System?

Cloud	OT Partners & Services	Cloud-based Threat Protection Network-wide Policy Enforcement Security Information & Event Management (SIEM)	
	Enterprise Network	Enterprise Edge (VPN, IPS, NGFW) Anti-Virus, Malware Detection Corporate Directory, Web & Email Security	Access C Threat De
DMZ	Demilitarized Zone	Plant Edge (VPN, IPS & Remote Access ) Stateful Firewall, NGFW Access Control	tection D
ОТ	Process, Supervisory	SIEM, Remote Services Platform OT Policy Mgmt, SW, Config, AV & Asset Mgmt. Cyber & Physical Access Control Systems	Data Priva evice Integ
	Control, Automation	Ruggedized Firewall Ruggedized IDS / IPS Malware Detection Segmentation: VLANs, VRFs, ACLs	grity



#### How do the Core Functions Map to an Industrial System?





#### What about Trustworthiness?

What can we do to verify the hardware integrity of our products currently deployed in our network?

- DSTA Singapore

How do we trust devices?

How do I ensure our products can not be tampered?

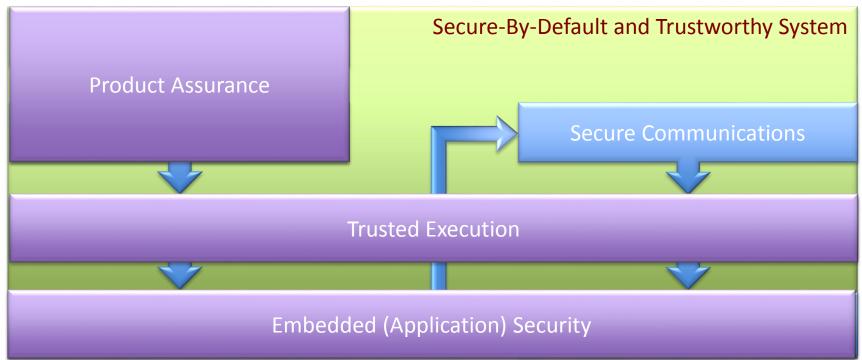
Is the software signed or integrity protected?

How do we ensure there are no back doors? ..

**I** Meeting

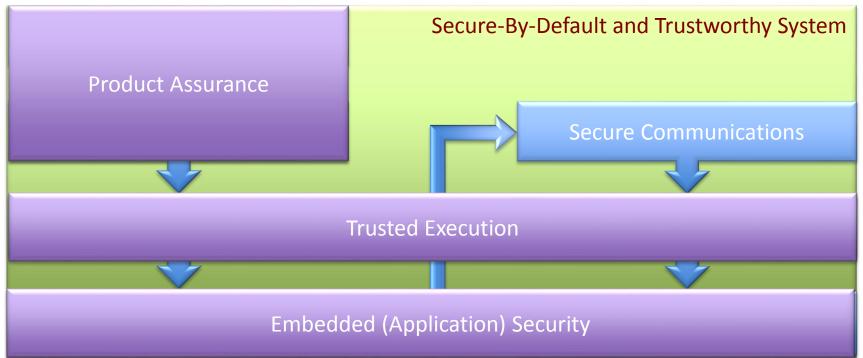


### Trustworthy System Components



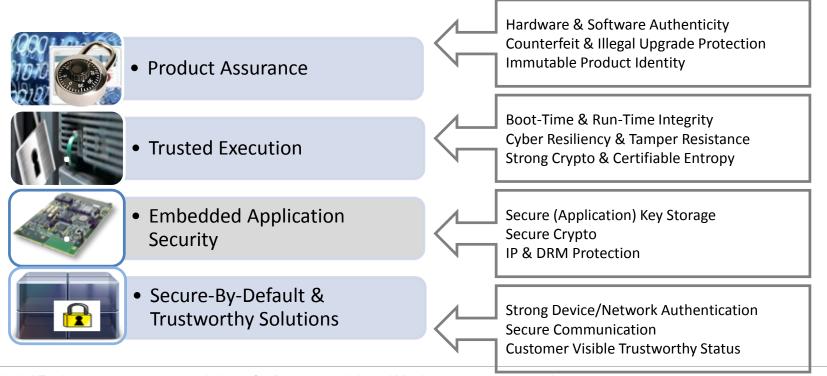


#### Trustworthy System Components





# Trustworthy Components -> Trust Anchor Technologies





#### Trustworthy Device Profiles

Level 4 Application and Level 3 Security 802.1X Secure Logging Secure asset FIPS-140 level 2 Anti-tampering and Auditing File Security **Features** Supplicant management Secure Boot and Secure Kev Secure Dev Secure transport Level 3 Level 2 Security Secure Firmware Secure Storage Generation and Identity and w/strong FIPS-140 level 2 Features Local Identities Update true RNG authentication Certificate Level 2 Pre-shared key Level 1 Security Software-based FIPS-140 level 1 enrollment and authentication secure storage Features authentication Username and Secure transport Level 1 Level 0 Security password using pre-Features authentication determined key Level 0 Secure Supply Chain



# ODVA's role for Industrial Control Systems Cyber Security

- Expand ODVA's specification scope to include:
  - Continuation of Ethernet/IP security
  - Include CIP security
  - Define Security (Profile) Levels
  - Standardize a Security based Reference Architecture
  - Define Guidelines for secure network infrastructure deployment
  - Define Compliance and inter-operability requirements



**THANK YOU** 

